| Discipline: <br> Civil <br> Electrical, ETC <br>  <br> Mechanical Engg. | Semester: $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ | Name of the Teaching Faculty: RAMAKANTA BEHERA (Lect. in Mathematics) |
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| Subject: <br> Engg. <br> Math-II | No. of days/week class allotted: 6P <br> (5 Lectures +1 <br> Tutorial) | Semester from date: To date: <br> No. of weeks: 16  |
| Week | Class Day | Theory Topics |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ | $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ | Chapter 2: LIMITS and CONTINUITY: <br> a) Definition of a function (Based on set theory) <br> b) Types of functions <br> i) Constant function, <br> ii) Identity function <br> iii) Absolute value function <br> iv) The Greatest Integer Function |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | v) Trigonometric function with example <br> vi) Exponential function <br> vii) Logarithmic function With examples |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | c) Introduction of limit: definition ,example <br> d) Existence of limit with example |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | e) Methods of evaluation of limit |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | Methods of evaluation of limit continues with some examples |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Problems on existence of limit and evaluation of limit |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | 1st | i) $\lim _{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^{n}-a^{n}}{x-a}=n a^{n-1}$ <br> ii) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^{x}-1}{\bar{x}}=\ln a=\log _{e} a$ <br> Some problems using these formulae |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | iii) $\quad \lim _{x \rightarrow 0} e^{x}-1 \quad x=1$iv) $\quad$$\lim _{x \rightarrow 0}(1+x)^{\bar{x}}=e$ <br> Some problems using these formulae |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ |  |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | vii) $\begin{aligned} \lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \sin x^{x} & =1 \\ \text { viii) } \quad \lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \tan _{x} & =1 \text { Some problems usingthese }\end{aligned}$ |


|  | formulae |  |
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|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | f) Definition of continuity of a function at apoint, Existence of continuity with example |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Problems on limit and continuity |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Chapter 3: DERIVATIVES: <br> a) Derivative of a function at apoint <br> b) Algebra ofderivative |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | c) Derivative of standard functions: $x^{n}, a^{x}, \log x, e^{x}$ |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Derivative of standard functions continues: $\sin x, \cos x, \tan x$ |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | Derivative of standard functions continues: $\cot x, \sec x, \csc x, \sin ^{-1} x$ |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | Derivative of standard functions continues: $\cos ^{-1} x, \tan ^{-1} x, \cot ^{-1} x$ |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Problem solving on trigonometric functions |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ | $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ | Derivative of standard functions continues: $\sec ^{-1} x, \csc ^{-1} x$, <br> d) Derivatives of compositefunction |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Derivatives of composite function(Chain rule) continues with examples |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Derivatives of composite function(Chain rule) continues with examples |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | e) Methods of differentiationof <br> i) Parametric function withexamples |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | Methods of differentiation of <br> ii) Implicit function withexamples |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Solving problems on derivatives of parametric function and implicit function |
| $5^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Methods of differentiation of iii) Logarithmic function withexample |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Methods of differentiation of iv) A function wrt another function withexample |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | f) Applications ofderivatives: <br> i) Successive differentiation (up to second order) Some problems on successivedifferentiation |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | Solving problems on successive differentiation |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | ii) Partial differentiation (function oftwo variables up to second order) |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Problems on derivative of logarithmic function and successive differentiation. |
| $6^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Partial differentiation continues |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Some more problems on partial differentiation |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Revision of derivative |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | Chapter 4: INTEGRATION: |


|  |  | a) Definition of integration as inverse ofdifferentiation <br> b) Integral of standardfunctions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | c) Methods ofintegration: <br> i) Integration by substitution withexamples |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Problems on integration by substitution |
| $7^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | ii) Integration by parts withexamples |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Problems on integration by parts |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | d) Integration of the following forms |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | Integration of the followingforms $x-a$ <br> v) $\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d x}{\frac{d x^{2}}{x^{2}}} \text { vi) } \int \frac{{ }^{2}{ }^{2}}{} \text { vii) } \\ & \int \frac{\square d x}{x \sqrt{x^{2}+a^{2}}} \\ & \text { examples } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | Integration of the following forms <br> ix) $\left.\sqrt{a^{2}+x^{2} d x} \mathbf{x}\right) \sqrt{x^{2}-a^{2} d x}$ with problems |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Problems on integration by parts |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | e) Definite integrals andproperties <br> i) $\quad \int_{0}^{0} f(x) d x=\int_{b} f(\underset{a}{a-x)} d x$ <br> ii) $\quad \int_{a}^{a} f(x) d x=-\int_{\substack{b \\ b}} f(x) d x$ |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | iii) $\quad \int_{a}^{c} f(x) d x=\int_{a}^{b} f(x) d x+\int_{b}^{c} f(x) d x, a<b<c$ $\int_{-a}^{a} f(x) d x=0, \text { iff }(x)=o d d$ <br> iv) $\quad=2 \int f(x) d x$, if $\quad f(x)=$ even <br> With examples |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Solving problems on properties of definite integration |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | f) Application ofintegration |


|  |  | i) Area enclosed by a curve and X-axisand example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | ii) Area of a circle with centre atorigin |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Solving problems on application of integration |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Chapter 5: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION: <br> Definition, ODE, PDE, <br> a) Order and degree of a differential equation |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Determining Order and degree of a differential equation with examples |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | b) Solution of differential equation Definition <br> i) By method of separation of variable withexamples |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | method of separation of variable continues with problem solving |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | Some more problems on separation of variables |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Problems on determination of degree and order of a differential equation |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | ii) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Linear equation } \\ & \text { example }\end{aligned}$ |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | $d y$ Solvinglinearequation $\quad \_+P y=Q$, where $P$, Qare $d x$ functions of x |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Problems on linear differential equation |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | Some more Problems on linear differential equation |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | Revision of differential equation |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Revision of differential equation |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Chapter 1: VECTOR ALGEBRA: <br> a) Introduction: definition of scalar, vector with examples <br> b) Types of vectors: null vector, parallel vector, collinear vectors withexamples |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | c) Representation of a vector |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | d) Magnitude and direction of vectors with examples |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | e) Addition and subtraction of vectors with examples |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | Properties of vector addition and position vector |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Problems on magnitude and <br> f) positionvector |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | g) scalar product of two vectors with examples |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | h) Geometrical meaning of dot product |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Problems on dot product |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ | i) Angle between two vectors withexample |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ | j) Scalar and vector projection of two vectorswith examples |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ (Tutorial class) | Problems on Scalar and vector projection of two vectors |


| $13^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | k) Vector product and geometrical meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Problems on vector product |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Revision |
|  | $4{ }^{\text {th }}$ |  |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ |  |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ |  |
| $14^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Previous year question discussion |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ |  |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ |  |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ |  |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ |  |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Previous year question discussion |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ |  |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ |  |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ |  |
|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ |  |
| $16^{\text {th }}$ | $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ | Previous year question discussion |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ |  |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ |  |
|  | $5^{\text {th }}$ |  |
|  | $6{ }^{\text {th }}$ |  |

Learning Resources:

1. Elements of Mathematics_Vol-1 \& 2 ( Odisha State Bureau of Text Book Preparation \&Production)
2. Mathematics Part-I \& Part-II Textbook for Class XII, NCERT Publication
3. Text Book Of Engg. Mathematics Part-II ( Kalyani Publication)
